

Algebra 2: Review Worksheet A SOLUTIONS

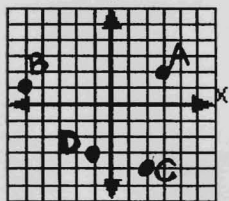
Topic 4: Quadratics Equations and Parabolas

1. $6-7i$ 2. $14+2i$ 3. $5+8i$ 4. $-1-4i$ 5. -12 6. 17 7. $11+13i$

8. $-4+32i$ 9. $2-i$ 10. $\frac{18}{13}+\frac{12}{13}i$ 11. $\frac{21}{29}-\frac{9}{29}i$ 12. $\frac{12}{17}+\frac{14}{17}i$

13. $i^2 = -1$ 14. $i^3 = -i$ 15. $i^4 = 1$ 16. $i^5 = i$ 17. $i^{10} = -1$ 18. $i^{12} = 1$

19.



23. $x = -2 \pm 2i$ 24. $x = -5$ $x = 5$ 25. $x = -4$ $x = 6$ 26. $x = 0$ $x = 8$ 27. $x = \pm 6i$

28. $x = \frac{1 \pm i\sqrt{39}}{4}$ or $x = \frac{1}{4} \pm \frac{\sqrt{39}}{4}i$ 29. $x = -5/2$ $x = 1$ 30. B) $(-4, -1)$ 31. $(4, 0)$ & $(-3, 0)$

32. $\left(-\frac{2}{3}, 0\right)$ & $(5, 0)$ 33. Vertex: $(3, 4)$ 34. Vertex: $(-2, 3)$ 35. **Minimum Point**

Max Value = 4 **Min Value = 3** Vertex: $(-3, -13)$

36. **Maximum Point** 37. $y = 2(x-5)^2 - 49$ 38. If $0 < a < 1$, $y = ax^2$ is **wider** than $y = x^2$
Vertex: $(-4, 21)$

39. If $a > 1$, $y = ax^2$ is **thinner** than $y = x^2$ 40. If $a < 0$, $y = ax^2$ is **upside down** from $y = x^2$

41. Vertex $(-5, 2)$ to $(1, -3)$
Shifts right 6 units, down 5 units. 42. Vertex $(2, -1)$ to $(-6, -4)$
Shifts left 8 units, down 3 units

43. A & B 44. C & D 45. B & E 46. $b = -1$ $c = 6$

47. Bottom Graph

Vertex : $(-5, -2)$

Same shape, faces down, so $a = -1$

$$y = -(x+5)^2 - 2$$

48. Bottom Graph

Vertex: $(4, -3)$

Same shape, faces down, so $a = -1$

$$y = -(x-4)^2 - 3$$

49. Graph $y = 2(x+2)^2 - 4$

* up/ thin

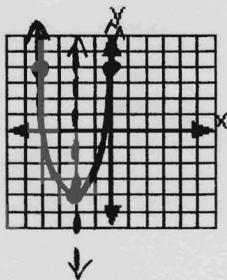
* y-int ($x=0$) $(0, 4)$

* vertex (h, k) $(-2, -4)$

* Axis of symmetry $x = -2$

* x-int ($y=0$)

$$x = -2 \pm \sqrt{2}$$



50. Graph $y = -\frac{1}{2}(x-1)^2 + 3$

* down/ wide

* y-int ($x=0$) $(0, 2.5)$

* vertex (h, k) $(1, 3)$

* Axis of symmetry $x = 1$

* x-int ($y=0$)

$$x = 1 \pm \sqrt{6}$$

